

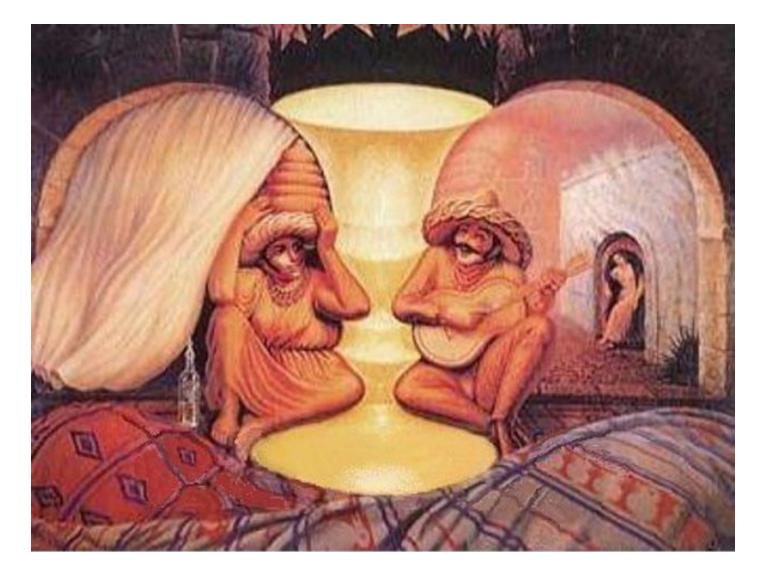


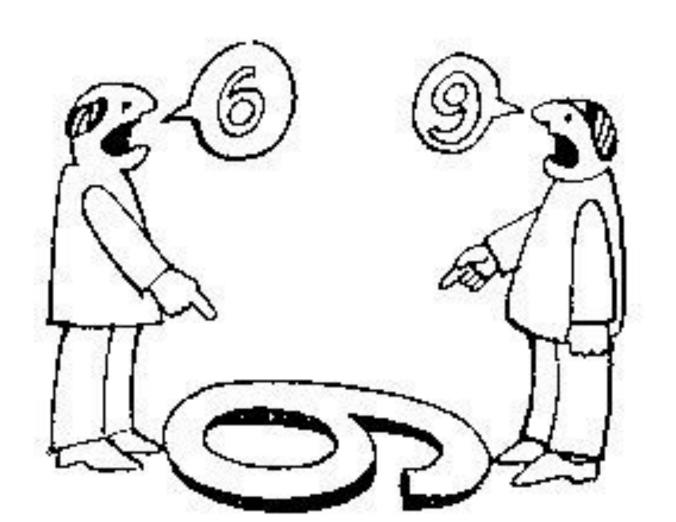
THE BIBLE UNBROKEN:

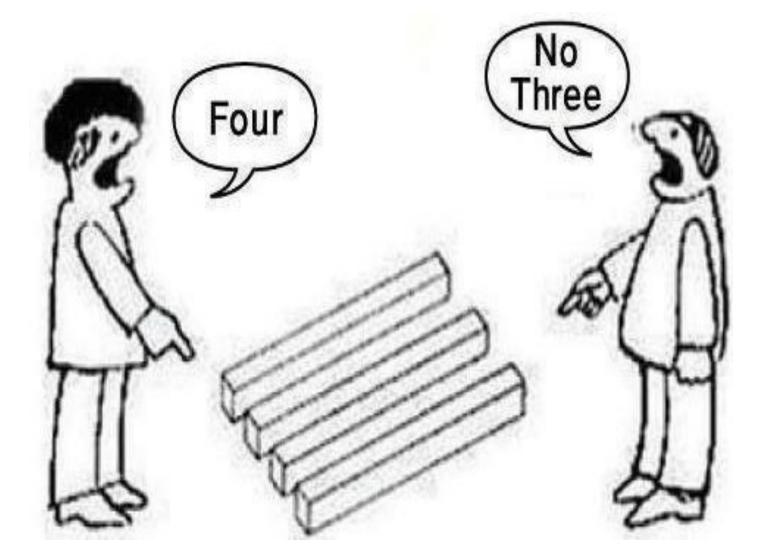
WHY INTERPRETATION MATTERS

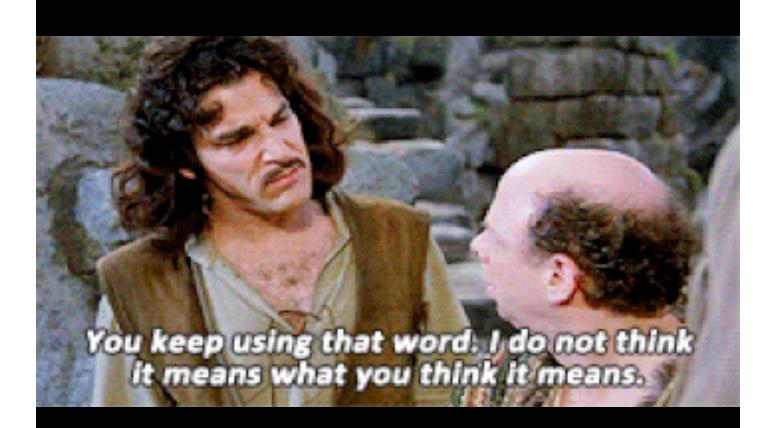


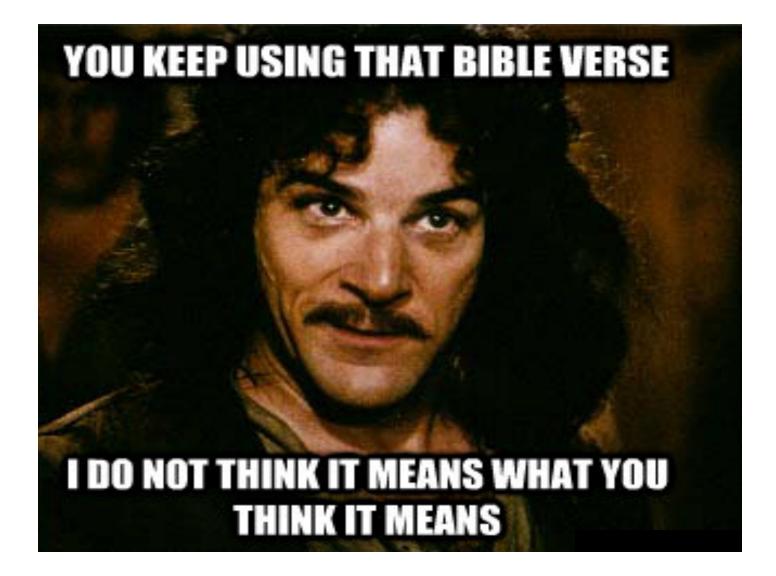


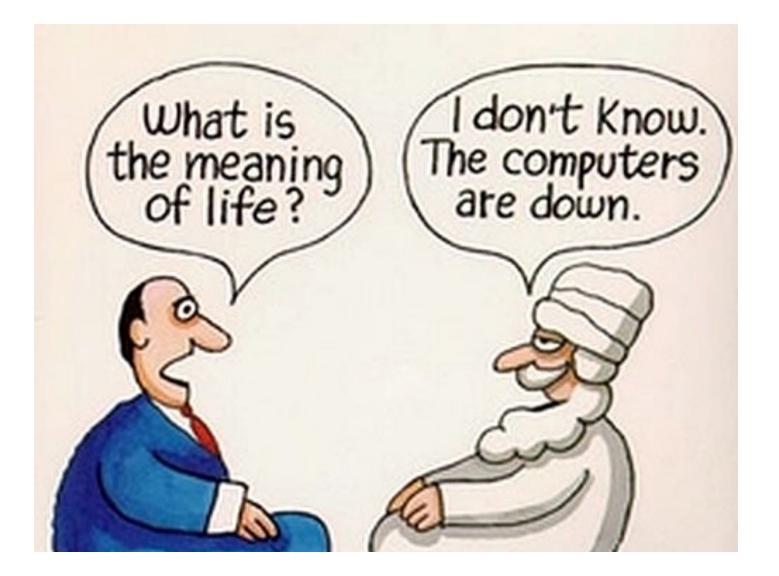


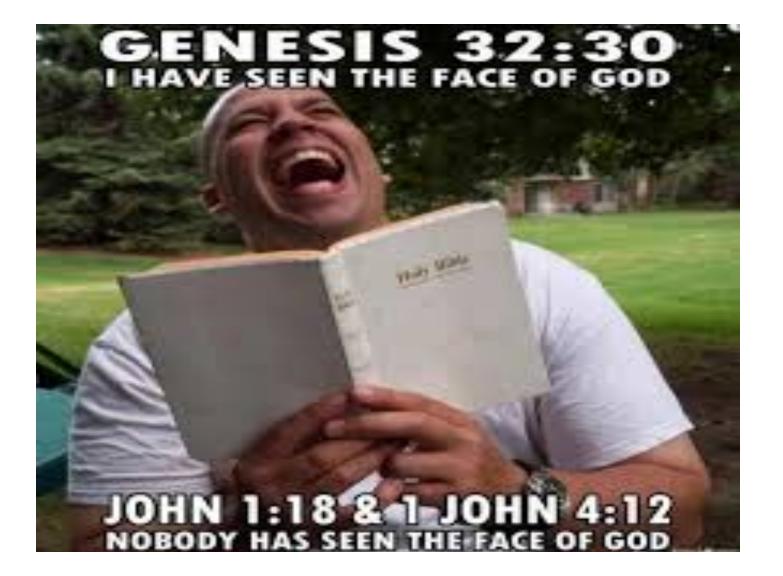


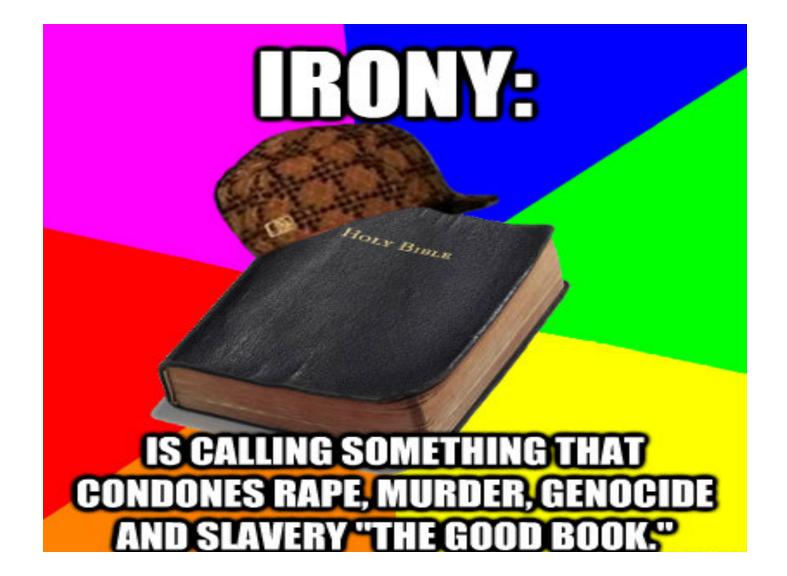










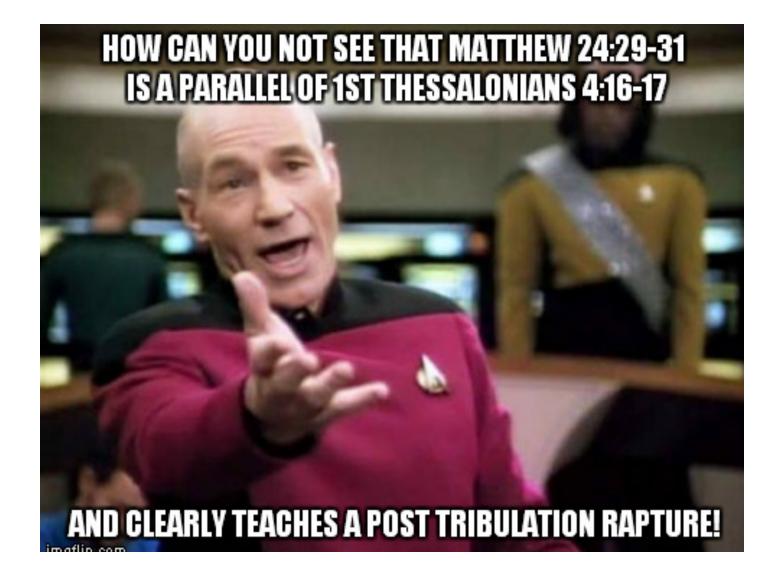


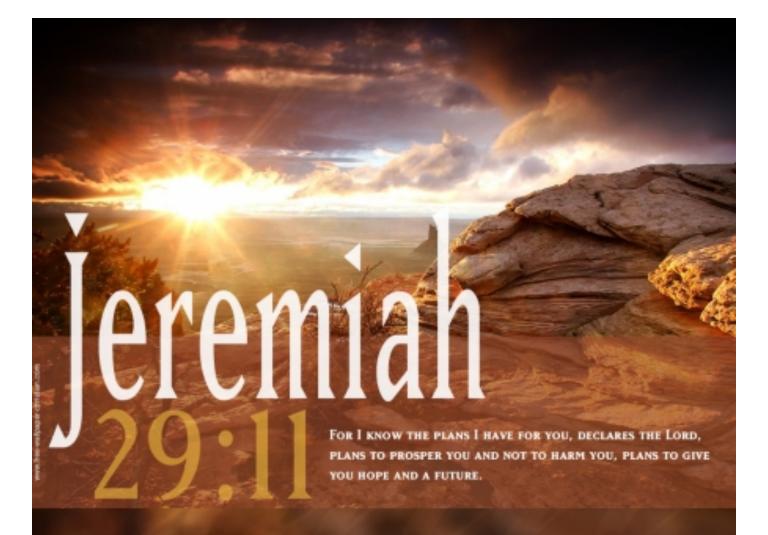


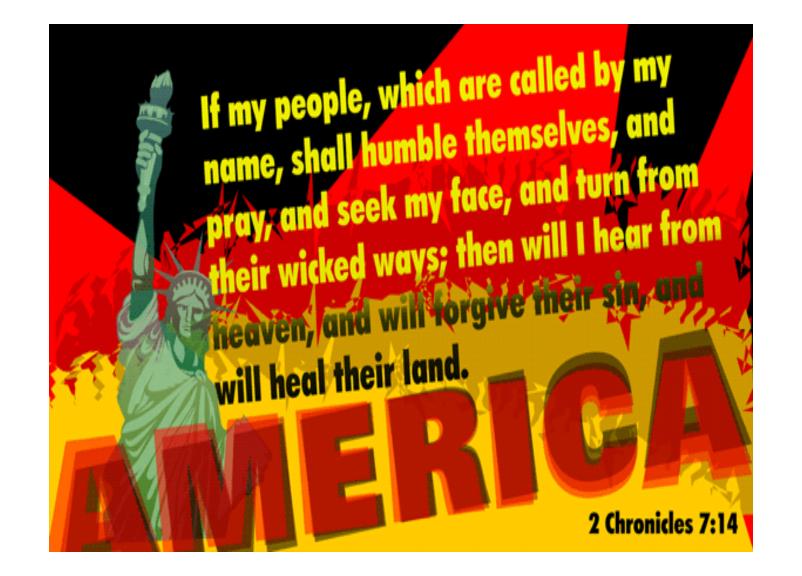












1 John 2:2

"And He Himself is the propitiation for our sins, and not for ours only but also for the whole world."



Key Issues



- How many meanings are there?
- Who determines the meaning?
- Reader response
- Authorial intent
- Hermeneutics the discipline of interpreting texts, the rules for ascertaining meaning
- Exegesis vs. Eisegesis





20 But know this first of all, that no prophecy of Scripture is a matter of one's own interpretation,

21 for no prophecy was ever made by an act of human will, but men moved by the Holy Spirit spoke from God.

-2 Peter 1:20-21.

Competing Hermeneutic Models

- Theological
- Allegorical
- Spiritualization
- Genre
- Trajectory
- Complementary
- Canonical
- Literal Grammatical Historical

On What Basis to Choose?

- Presuppositions
- External data needed?
- External data not needed?

- Internal modeling over external prescription
- How does the text model deriving meaning?

- Who determines meaning?
- Reader response
- Authorial intent



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